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Files

/etc/grafana/grafana.ini

```
HTTP/1.1 200 0K
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Cache-Control: no-cache
Content-Length: 43049
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8
Expires: -1
Last-Modified: Thu, 01 Sep 2022 22:36:30 GMT
Pragma: no-cache
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
X-Frame-Options: deny
X-Xss-Protection: 1; mode=block
Date: Thu, 22 Dec 2022 12:44:53 GMT
Connection: close
########################## Grafana Configuration Example
#########################
# Everything has defaults so you only need to uncomment things you want
to
# change
# possible values : production, development
;app mode = production
# instance name, defaults to HOSTNAME environment variable value or
hostname if HOSTNAME var is empty
;instance name = ${HOSTNAME}
############ Paths
[paths]
# Path to where grafana can store temp files, sessions, and the sqlite3
db (if that is used)
;data = /var/lib/grafana
# Temporary files in `data` directory older than given duration will be
removed
;temp data lifetime = 24h
# Directory where grafana can store logs
;logs = /var/log/grafana
# Directory where grafana will automatically scan and look for plugins
;plugins = /var/lib/grafana/plugins
```

```
# folder that contains provisioning config files that grafana will
apply on startup and while running.
;provisioning = conf/provisioning
[server]
# Protocol (http, https, h2, socket)
;protocol = http
# The ip address to bind to, empty will bind to all interfaces
;http addr =
# The http port to use
; http port = 3000
# The public facing domain name used to access grafana from a browser
;domain = localhost
# Redirect to correct domain if host header does not match domain
# Prevents DNS rebinding attacks
;enforce domain = false
# The full public facing url you use in browser, used for redirects and
emails
# If you use reverse proxy and sub path specify full url (with sub
path)
;root url = %(protocol)s://%(domain)s:%(http port)s/
# Serve Grafana from subpath specified in `root url` setting. By
default it is set to `false` for compatibility reasons.
;serve from sub path = false
# Log web requests
;router_logging = false
# the path relative working path
;static_root_path = public
# enable gzip
;enable gzip = false
# https certs & key file
;cert file =
;cert key =
# Unix socket path
:socket =
# CDN Url
;cdn url =
```

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```
# Sets the maximum time using a duration format (5s/5m/5ms) before
timing out read of an incoming request and closing idle connections.
# `0` means there is no timeout for reading the request.
; read timeout = 0
############ Database
[database]
# You can configure the database connection by specifying type, host,
name, user and password
# as separate properties or as on string using the url properties.
# Either "mysql", "postgres" or "sqlite3", it's your choice
;type = sqlite3
; host = 127.0.0.1:3306
;name = grafana
;user = root
# If the password contains # or ; you have to wrap it with triple
quotes. Ex """#password;"""
;password =
# Use either URL or the previous fields to configure the database
# Example: mysql://user:secret@host:port/database
;url =
# For "postgres" only, either "disable", "require" or "verify-full"
;ssl mode = disable
# Database drivers may support different transaction isolation levels.
# Currently, only "mysql" driver supports isolation levels.
# If the value is empty - driver's default isolation level is applied.
# For "mysql" use "READ-UNCOMMITTED", "READ-COMMITTED", "REPEATABLE-
READ" or "SERIALIZABLE".
;isolation level =
;ca cert path =
;client_key_path =
;client cert path =
;server cert name =
# For "sqlite3" only, path relative to data_path setting
;path = grafana.db
# Max idle conn setting default is 2
;max idle conn = 2
# Max conn setting default is 0 (mean not set)
;max open conn =
# Connection Max Lifetime default is 14400 (means 14400 seconds or 4
```

```
hours)
;conn max lifetime = 14400
# Set to true to log the sql calls and execution times.
;log queries =
# For "sqlite3" only. cache mode setting used for connecting to the
database. (private, shared)
;cache mode = private
########### Data sources
#############################
[datasources]
# Upper limit of data sources that Grafana will return. This limit is a
temporary configuration and it will be deprecated when pagination will
be introduced on the list data sources API.
;datasource limit = 5000
[remote cache]
# Either "redis", "memcached" or "database" default is "database"
;type = database
# cache connectionstring options
# database: will use Grafana primary database.
# redis: config like redis server e.g.
`addr=127.0.0.1:6379,pool size=100,db=0,ssl=false`. Only addr is
required. ssl may be 'true', 'false', or 'insecure'.
# memcache: 127.0.0.1:11211
;connstr =
########## Data proxy
####################################
[dataproxy]
# This enables data proxy logging, default is false
;logging = false
# How long the data proxy waits to read the headers of the response
before timing out, default is 30 seconds.
# This setting also applies to core backend HTTP data sources where
query requests use an HTTP client with timeout set.
; timeout = 30
# How long the data proxy waits to establish a TCP connection before
timing out, default is 10 seconds.
;dialTimeout = 10
# How many seconds the data proxy waits before sending a keepalive
probe request.
```

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```
; keep alive seconds = 30
# How many seconds the data proxy waits for a successful TLS Handshake
before timing out.
;tls handshake timeout seconds = 10
# How many seconds the data proxy will wait for a server's first
response headers after
# fully writing the request headers if the request has an "Expect: 100-
continue"
# header. A value of 0 will result in the body being sent immediately,
without
# waiting for the server to approve.
;expect_continue_timeout_seconds = 1
# Optionally limits the total number of connections per host, including
connections in the dialing,
# active, and idle states. On limit violation, dials will block.
# A value of zero (0) means no limit.
; max conns per host = 0
# The maximum number of idle connections that Grafana will keep alive.
;max idle connections = 100
# How many seconds the data proxy keeps an idle connection open before
timing out.
;idle conn timeout seconds = 90
# If enabled and user is not anonymous, data proxy will add X-Grafana-
User header with username into the request, default is false.
;send user header = false
# Limit the amount of bytes that will be read/accepted from responses
of outgoing HTTP requests.
; response limit = 0
# Limits the number of rows that Grafana will process from SQL data
sources.
; row limit = 1000000
############################### Analytics
[analytics]
# Server reporting, sends usage counters to stats.grafana.org every 24
hours.
# No ip addresses are being tracked, only simple counters to track
# running instances, dashboard and error counts. It is very helpful to
us.
# Change this option to false to disable reporting.
;reporting enabled = true
```

```
# The name of the distributor of the Grafana instance. Ex hosted-
grafana, grafana-labs
;reporting distributor = grafana-labs
# Set to false to disable all checks to https://grafana.net
# for new versions (grafana itself and plugins), check is used
# in some UI views to notify that grafana or plugin update exists
# This option does not cause any auto updates, nor send any information
# only a GET request to http://grafana.com to get latest versions
;check for updates = true
# Google Analytics universal tracking code, only enabled if you specify
an id here
;google_analytics_ua_id =
# Google Tag Manager ID, only enabled if you specify an id here
;google tag manager id =
############# Security
[security]
# disable creation of admin user on first start of grafana
;disable initial admin creation = false
# default admin user, created on startup
;admin user = admin
# default admin password, can be changed before first start of grafana,
or in profile settings
admin password = messageInABottle685427
# used for signing
;secret key = SW2YcwTIb9zp00hoPsMm
# disable gravatar profile images
;disable gravatar = false
# data source proxy whitelist (ip_or_domain:port separated by spaces)
;data source proxy whitelist =
# disable protection against brute force login attempts
; disable brute force login protection = false
# set to true if you host Grafana behind HTTPS. default is false.
;cookie secure = false
# set cookie SameSite attribute. defaults to `lax`. can be set to
"lax", "strict", "none" and "disabled"
;cookie samesite = lax
# set to true if you want to allow browsers to render Grafana in a
```

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```
<frame>, <iframe>, <embed> or <object>. default is false.
;allow embedding = false
# Set to true if you want to enable http strict transport security
(HSTS) response header.
# This is only sent when HTTPS is enabled in this configuration.
# HSTS tells browsers that the site should only be accessed using
;strict transport security = false
# Sets how long a browser should cache HSTS. Only applied if
strict transport security is enabled.
;strict transport security max age seconds = 86400
# Set to true if to enable HSTS preloading option. Only applied if
strict transport security is enabled.
;strict transport security preload = false
# Set to true if to enable the HSTS includeSubDomains option. Only
applied if strict transport security is enabled.
;strict transport security subdomains = false
# Set to true to enable the X-Content-Type-Options response header.
# The X-Content-Type-Options response HTTP header is a marker used by
the server to indicate that the MIME types advertised
# in the Content-Type headers should not be changed and be followed.
;x content type options = true
# Set to true to enable the X-XSS-Protection header, which tells
browsers to stop pages from loading
# when they detect reflected cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks.
;x xss protection = true
# Enable adding the Content-Security-Policy header to your requests.
# CSP allows to control resources the user agent is allowed to load and
helps prevent XSS attacks.
;content_security_policy = false
# Set Content Security Policy template used when adding the Content-
Security-Policy header to your requests.
# $NONCE in the template includes a random nonce.
# $ROOT PATH is server.root url without the protocol.
;content security policy template = """script-src 'self' 'unsafe-eval'
'unsafe-inline' 'strict-dynamic' $NONCE; object-src 'none'; font-src
'self';style-src 'self' 'unsafe-inline' blob:;img-src * data:;base-uri
'self';connect-src 'self' grafana.com ws://$R00T_PATH
wss://$ROOT PATH;manifest-src 'self';media-src 'none';form-action
'self';"""
############ Snapshots
####################################
```

```
[snapshots]
# snapshot sharing options
;external enabled = true
;external snapshot url = https://snapshots-origin.raintank.io
;external snapshot name = Publish to snapshot.raintank.io
# Set to true to enable this Grafana instance act as an external
snapshot server and allow unauthenticated requests for
# creating and deleting snapshots.
;public mode = false
# remove expired snapshot
;snapshot remove expired = true
########################## Dashboards History
###################
[dashboards]
# Number dashboard versions to keep (per dashboard). Default: 20,
Minimum: 1
; versions to keep = 20
# Minimum dashboard refresh interval. When set, this will restrict
users to set the refresh interval of a dashboard lower than given
interval. Per default this is 5 seconds.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
;min refresh interval = 5s
# Path to the default home dashboard. If this value is empty, then
Grafana uses StaticRootPath + "dashboards/home.json"
;default home dashboard path =
[users]
# disable user signup / registration
;allow sign up = true
# Allow non admin users to create organizations
;allow org create = true
# Set to true to automatically assign new users to the default
organization (id 1)
;auto assign org = true
# Set this value to automatically add new users to the provided
organization (if auto assign org above is set to true)
; auto assign org id = 1
# Default role new users will be automatically assigned (if disabled
above is set to true)
```

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```
;auto_assign_org_role = Viewer
# Require email validation before sign up completes
;verify_email_enabled = false
# Background text for the user field on the login page
;login hint = email or username
;password_hint = password
# Default UI theme ("dark" or "light")
;default theme = dark
# Path to a custom home page. Users are only redirected to this if the
default home dashboard is used. It should match a frontend route and
contain a leading slash.
; home_page =
# External user management, these options affect the organization users
view
;external manage link url =
;external manage link name =
;external manage info =
# Viewers can edit/inspect dashboard settings in the browser. But not
save the dashboard.
;viewers can edit = false
# Editors can administrate dashboard, folders and teams they create
;editors can admin = false
# The duration in time a user invitation remains valid before expiring.
This setting should be expressed as a duration. Examples: 6h (hours),
2d (days), 1w (week). Default is 24h (24 hours). The minimum supported
duration is 15m (15 minutes).
;user invite max lifetime duration = 24h
# Enter a comma-separated list of users login to hide them in the
Grafana UI. These users are shown to Grafana admins and themselves.
; hidden users =
[auth]
# Login cookie name
;login cookie name = grafana session
# The maximum lifetime (duration) an authenticated user can be inactive
before being required to login at next visit. Default is 7 days (7d).
This setting should be expressed as a duration, e.g. 5m (minutes), 6h
(hours), 10d (days), 2w (weeks), 1M (month). The lifetime resets at
each successful token rotation.
;login_maximum_inactive_lifetime_duration =
```

```
# The maximum lifetime (duration) an authenticated user can be logged
in since login time before being required to login. Default is 30 days
(30d). This setting should be expressed as a duration, e.g. 5m
(minutes), 6h (hours), 10d (days), 2w (weeks), 1M (month).
;login maximum lifetime duration =
# How often should auth tokens be rotated for authenticated users when
being active. The default is each 10 minutes.
;token rotation interval minutes = 10
# Set to true to disable (hide) the login form, useful if you use
OAuth, defaults to false
;disable login form = false
# Set to true to disable the sign out link in the side menu. Useful if
you use auth.proxy or auth.jwt, defaults to false
;disable signout menu = false
# URL to redirect the user to after sign out
;signout redirect url =
# Set to true to attempt login with OAuth automatically, skipping the
login screen.
# This setting is ignored if multiple OAuth providers are configured.
;oauth auto login = false
# OAuth state max age cookie duration in seconds. Defaults to 600
seconds.
;oauth_state_cookie_max_age = 600
# limit of api key seconds to live before expiration
;api key max seconds to live = -1
# Set to true to enable SigV4 authentication option for HTTP-based
datasources.
;sigv4 auth enabled = false
############################ Anonymous Auth
##########################
[auth.anonymous]
# enable anonymous access
;enabled = false
# specify organization name that should be used for unauthenticated
users
;org_name = Main Org.
# specify role for unauthenticated users
;org role = Viewer
# mask the Grafana version number for unauthenticated users
```

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```
;hide version = false
##################################
[auth.github]
;enabled = false
;allow sign up = true
;client id = some id
;client secret = some secret
;scopes = user:email,read:org
;auth url = https://github.com/login/oauth/authorize
;token url = https://github.com/login/oauth/access token
;api url = https://api.github.com/user
;allowed domains =
;team ids =
;allowed organizations =
##############################
[auth.gitlab]
;enabled = false
;allow sign up = true
;client id = some id
;client secret = some secret
;scopes = api
;auth url = https://gitlab.com/oauth/authorize
;token url = https://gitlab.com/oauth/token
;api url = https://gitlab.com/api/v4
;allowed domains =
;allowed groups =
########### Google Auth
##############################
[auth.google]
;enabled = false
;allow sign up = true
;client_id = some client id
;client_secret = some_client_secret
;scopes = https://www.googleapis.com/auth/userinfo.profile
https://www.googleapis.com/auth/userinfo.email
;auth url = https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth
;token url = https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/token
;api url = https://www.googleapis.com/oauth2/v1/userinfo
;allowed domains =
;hosted domain =
#######################
[auth.grafana com]
;enabled = false
;allow sign up = true
```

```
;client id = some id
;client secret = some secret
;scopes = user:email
;allowed organizations =
########################### Azure AD OAuth
###########################
[auth.azuread]
;name = Azure AD
;enabled = false
;allow sign up = true
;client id = some client id
;client secret = some client secret
;scopes = openid email profile
;auth url =
https://login.microsoftonline.com/<tenant-id>/oauth2/v2.0/authorize
;token url =
https://login.microsoftonline.com/<tenant-id>/oauth2/v2.0/token
;allowed domains =
;allowed groups =
[auth.okta]
; name = 0kta
;enabled = false
;allow sign up = true
;client id = some id
;client secret = some secret
;scopes = openid profile email groups
;auth url = https://<tenant-id>.okta.com/oauth2/v1/authorize
;token url = https://<tenant-id>.okta.com/oauth2/v1/token
;api url = https://<tenant-id>.okta.com/oauth2/v1/userinfo
;allowed domains =
;allowed groups =
;role attribute path =
;role attribute strict = false
###############################
[auth.generic oauth]
;enabled = false
; name = 0Auth
;allow sign up = true
;client id = some id
;client secret = some secret
;scopes = user:email,read:org
;empty scopes = false
;email attribute name = email:primary
;email attribute path =
;login attribute path =
;name attribute path =
```

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```
;id token attribute name =
;auth url = https://foo.bar/login/oauth/authorize
;token url = https://foo.bar/login/oauth/access token
;api_url = https://foo.bar/user
;teams url =
;allowed domains =
;team ids =
;allowed_organizations =
;role attribute path =
;role attribute strict = false
;groups attribute path =
;team ids attribute path =
;tls skip verify insecure = false
;tls client cert =
;tls client key =
;tls client ca =
########## Basic Auth
####################################
[auth.basic]
;enabled = true
################################ Auth Proxy
####################################
[auth.proxy]
;enabled = false
;header name = X-WEBAUTH-USER
;header property = username
;auto_sign_up = true
; sync ttl = 60
;whitelist = 192.168.1.1, 192.168.2.1
;headers = Email:X-User-Email, Name:X-User-Name
# Read the auth proxy docs for details on what the setting below
enables
;enable_login_token = false
##################################
[auth.jwt]
;enabled = true
;header name = X-JWT-Assertion
;email claim = sub
;username claim = sub
;jwk_set_url = https://foo.bar/.well-known/jwks.json
;jwk set file = /path/to/jwks.json
; cache ttl = 60m
;expected_claims = {"aud": ["foo", "bar"]}
;key file = /path/to/key/file
##############################
```

```
[auth.ldap]
;enabled = false
;config file = /etc/grafana/ldap.toml
;allow sign up = true
# LDAP background sync (Enterprise only)
# At 1 am every day
; sync_cron = "0 0 1 * * *"
;active sync enabled = true
[aws]
# Enter a comma-separated list of allowed AWS authentication providers.
# Options are: default (AWS SDK Default), keys (Access && secret key),
credentials (Credentials field), ec2 iam role (EC2 IAM Role)
; allowed auth providers = default, keys, credentials
# Allow AWS users to assume a role using temporary security
credentials.
# If true, assume role will be enabled for all AWS authentication
providers that are specified in aws auth providers
; assume role enabled = true
[azure]
# Azure cloud environment where Grafana is hosted
# Possible values are AzureCloud, AzureChinaCloud, AzureUSGovernment
and AzureGermanCloud
# Default value is AzureCloud (i.e. public cloud)
;cloud = AzureCloud
# Specifies whether Grafana hosted in Azure service with Managed
Identity configured (e.g. Azure Virtual Machines instance)
# If enabled, the managed identity can be used for authentication of
Grafana in Azure services
# Disabled by default, needs to be explicitly enabled
;managed_identity_enabled = false
# Client ID to use for user-assigned managed identity
# Should be set for user-assigned identity and should be empty for
system-assigned identity
;managed identity client id =
#################################### SMTP / Emailing
####################################
[smtp]
;enabled = false
;host = localhost:25
;user =
# If the password contains # or ; you have to wrap it with triple
```

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```
quotes. Ex """#password;"""
;password =
;cert file =
;key_file =
;skip verify = false
;from_address = admin@grafana.localhost
;from name = Grafana
# EHLO identity in SMTP dialog (defaults to instance_name)
;ehlo identity = dashboard.example.com
# SMTP startTLS policy (defaults to 'OpportunisticStartTLS')
;startTLS policy = NoStartTLS
[emails]
;welcome_email_on_sign_up = false
;templates pattern = emails/*.html, emails/*.txt
;content types = text/html
[log]
# Either "console", "file", "syslog". Default is console and
# Use space to separate multiple modes, e.g. "console file"
;mode = console file
# Either "debug", "info", "warn", "error", "critical", default is
"info"
;level = info
# optional settings to set different levels for specific loggers. Ex
filters = sqlstore:debug
;filters =
# For "console" mode only
[log.console]
;level =
# log line format, valid options are text, console and json
;format = console
# For "file" mode only
[log.file]
;level =
# log line format, valid options are text, console and json
;format = text
# This enables automated log rotate(switch of following options),
default is true
;log rotate = true
# Max line number of single file, default is 1000000
; \max lines = 1000000
```

```
# Max size shift of single file, default is 28 means 1 << 28, 256MB
; max size shift = 28
# Segment log daily, default is true
;daily rotate = true
# Expired days of log file(delete after max days), default is 7
; max days = 7
[log.syslog]
;level =
# log line format, valid options are text, console and json
;format = text
# Syslog network type and address. This can be udp, tcp, or unix. If
left blank, the default unix endpoints will be used.
:network =
;address =
# Syslog facility. user, daemon and local0 through local7 are valid.
;facility =
# Syslog tag. By default, the process' argv[0] is used.
;tag =
[log.frontend]
# Should Sentry javascript agent be initialized
;enabled = false
# Sentry DSN if you want to send events to Sentry.
;sentry dsn =
# Custom HTTP endpoint to send events captured by the Sentry agent to.
Default will log the events to stdout.
;custom endpoint = /log
# Rate of events to be reported between 0 (none) and 1 (all), float
; sample rate = 1.0
# Requests per second limit enforced an extended period, for Grafana
backend log ingestion endpoint (/log).
;log_endpoint_requests_per_second_limit = 3
# Max requests accepted per short interval of time for Grafana backend
log ingestion endpoint (/log).
;log endpoint burst limit = 15
########################## Usage Quotas
##############################
```

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```
[quota]
; enabled = false
#### set quotas to -1 to make unlimited. ####
# limit number of users per Org.
; org_user = 10
# limit number of dashboards per Org.
; org dashboard = 100
# limit number of data sources per Org.
; org data source = 10
# limit number of api_keys per Org.
; org_api_key = 10
# limit number of alerts per Org.
;org alert rule = 100
# limit number of orgs a user can create.
; user_org = 10
# Global limit of users.
; global user = -1
# global limit of orgs.
; global org = -1
# global limit of dashboards
; global dashboard = -1
# global limit of api keys
; global api key = -1
# global limit on number of logged in users.
; global session = -1
# global limit of alerts
;global alert rule = -1
#######################
[unified alerting]
#Enable the Unified Alerting sub-system and interface. When enabled
we'll migrate all of your alert rules and notification channels to the
new system. New alert rules will be created and your notification
channels will be converted into an Alertmanager configuration. Previous
data is preserved to enable backwards compatibility but new data is
removed.```
;enabled = false
```

```
# Comma-separated list of organization IDs for which to disable unified
alerting. Only supported if unified alerting is enabled.
;disabled orgs =
# Specify the frequency of polling for admin config changes.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
;admin_config_poll_interval = 60s
# Specify the frequency of polling for Alertmanager config changes.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
;alertmanager config poll interval = 60s
# Listen address/hostname and port to receive unified alerting messages
for other Grafana instances. The port is used for both TCP and UDP. It
is assumed other Grafana instances are also running on the same port.
The default value is `0.0.0.0:9094`.
;ha listen address = "0.0.0.0:9094"
# Listen address/hostname and port to receive unified alerting messages
for other Grafana instances. The port is used for both TCP and UDP. It
is assumed other Grafana instances are also running on the same port.
The default value is `0.0.0.0:9094`.
;ha advertise address = ""
# Comma-separated list of initial instances (in a format of host:port)
that will form the HA cluster. Configuring this setting will enable
High Availability mode for alerting.
;ha peers = ""
# Time to wait for an instance to send a notification via the
Alertmanager. In HA, each Grafana instance will
# be assigned a position (e.g. 0, 1). We then multiply this position
with the timeout to indicate how long should
# each instance wait before sending the notification to take into
account replication lag.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
;ha peer timeout = "15s"
# The interval between sending gossip messages. By lowering this value
(more frequent) gossip messages are propagated
# across cluster more quickly at the expense of increased bandwidth
usage.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
;ha gossip interval = "200ms"
# The interval between gossip full state syncs. Setting this interval
lower (more frequent) will increase convergence speeds
```

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```
# across larger clusters at the expense of increased bandwidth usage.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
;ha push pull interval = "60s"
# Enable or disable alerting rule execution. The alerting UI remains
visible. This option has a legacy version in the `[alerting]` section
that takes precedence.
;execute alerts = true
# Alert evaluation timeout when fetching data from the datasource. This
option has a legacy version in the `[alerting]` section that takes
precedence.
# The timeout string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
; evaluation timeout = 30s
# Number of times we'll attempt to evaluate an alert rule before giving
up on that evaluation. This option has a legacy version in the
`[alerting]` section that takes precedence.
; max attempts = 3
# Minimum interval to enforce between rule evaluations. Rules will be
adjusted if they are less than this value or if they are not multiple
of the scheduler interval (10s). Higher values can help with resource
management as we'll schedule fewer evaluations over time. This option
has a legacy version in the `[alerting]` section that takes precedence.
# The interval string is a possibly signed sequence of decimal numbers,
followed by a unit suffix (ms, s, m, h, d), e.g. 30s or 1m.
; min interval = 10s
###################################
# Disable legacy alerting engine & UI features
;enabled = true
# Makes it possible to turn off alert execution but alerting UI is
visible
;execute alerts = true
# Default setting for new alert rules. Defaults to categorize error and
timeouts as alerting. (alerting, keep state)
;error or timeout = alerting
# Default setting for how Grafana handles nodata or null values in
alerting. (alerting, no data, keep state, ok)
;nodata or nullvalues = no data
# Alert notifications can include images, but rendering many images at
the same time can overload the server
```

```
# This limit will protect the server from render overloading and make
sure notifications are sent out quickly
;concurrent render limit = 5
# Default setting for alert calculation timeout. Default value is 30
;evaluation timeout seconds = 30
# Default setting for alert notification timeout. Default value is 30
;notification timeout seconds = 30
# Default setting for max attempts to sending alert notifications.
Default value is 3
;max attempts = 3
# Makes it possible to enforce a minimal interval between evaluations,
to reduce load on the backend
;min interval seconds = 1
# Configures for how long alert annotations are stored. Default is 0,
which keeps them forever.
# This setting should be expressed as a duration. Examples: 6h (hours),
10d (days), 2w (weeks), 1M (month).
;max annotation age =
# Configures max number of alert annotations that Grafana stores.
Default value is 0, which keeps all alert annotations.
;max annotations to keep =
##################################### Annotations
###############################
[annotations]
# Configures the batch size for the annotation clean-up job. This
setting is used for dashboard, API, and alert annotations.
;cleanupjob batchsize = 100
[annotations.dashboard]
# Dashboard annotations means that annotations are associated with the
dashboard they are created on.
# Configures how long dashboard annotations are stored. Default is 0,
which keeps them forever.
# This setting should be expressed as a duration. Examples: 6h (hours),
10d (days), 2w (weeks), 1M (month).
;max age =
# Configures max number of dashboard annotations that Grafana stores.
Default value is 0, which keeps all dashboard annotations.
;max annotations to keep =
[annotations.api]
# API annotations means that the annotations have been created using
```

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```
the API without any
# association with a dashboard.
# Configures how long Grafana stores API annotations. Default is 0,
which keeps them forever.
# This setting should be expressed as a duration. Examples: 6h (hours),
10d (days), 2w (weeks), 1M (month).
;max_age =
# Configures max number of API annotations that Grafana keeps. Default
value is 0, which keeps all API annotations.
;max annotations to keep =
########## Explore
###################################
[explore]
# Enable the Explore section
;enabled = true
##############################
# Metrics available at HTTP API Url /metrics
[metrics]
# Disable / Enable internal metrics
:enabled
                  = true
# Graphite Publish interval
;interval seconds = 10
# Disable total stats (stat totals *) metrics to be generated
;disable total stats = false
#If both are set, basic auth will be required for the metrics endpoint.
; basic auth username =
; basic auth password =
# Metrics environment info adds dimensions to the
grafana environment info` metric, which
# can expose more information about the Grafana instance.
[metrics.environment info]
#exampleLabel1 = exampleValue1
#exampleLabel2 = exampleValue2
# Send internal metrics to Graphite
[metrics.graphite]
# Enable by setting the address setting (ex localhost:2003)
;address =
;prefix = prod.grafana.%(instance name)s.
################################ Grafana.com integration
####################################
# Url used to import dashboards directly from Grafana.com
[grafana_com]
```

```
;url = https://grafana.com
[tracing.jaeger]
# Enable by setting the address sending traces to jaeger (ex
localhost:6831)
:address = localhost:6831
# Tag that will always be included in when creating new spans. ex
(tag1:value1,tag2:value2)
;always included tag = tag1:value1
# Type specifies the type of the sampler: const, probabilistic,
rateLimiting, or remote
;sampler type = const
# jaeger samplerconfig param
# for "const" sampler, 0 or 1 for always false/true respectively
# for "probabilistic" sampler, a probability between 0 and 1
# for "rateLimiting" sampler, the number of spans per second
# for "remote" sampler, param is the same as for "probabilistic"
# and indicates the initial sampling rate before the actual one
# is received from the mothership
; sampler param = 1
# sampling server url is the URL of a sampling manager providing a
sampling strategy.
;sampling server url =
# Whether or not to use Zipkin propagation (x-b3- HTTP headers).
;zipkin propagation = false
# Setting this to true disables shared RPC spans.
# Not disabling is the most common setting when using Zipkin elsewhere
in your infrastructure.
;disable shared zipkin spans = false
################################ External image storage
###################################
[external image storage]
# Used for uploading images to public servers so they can be included
in slack/email messages.
# you can choose between (s3, webdav, gcs, azure blob, local)
;provider =
[external image storage.s3]
;endpoint =
;path style access =
;bucket =
;region =
;path =
;access key =
;secret key =
[external image storage.webdav]
;url =
;public url =
```

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```
;username =
;password =
[external image storage.gcs]
;key file =
;bucket =
:path =
[external image storage.azure blob]
;account name =
;account key =
;container name =
[external_image_storage.local]
# does not require any configuration
[rendering]
# Options to configure a remote HTTP image rendering service, e.g.
using https://github.com/grafana/grafana-image-renderer.
# URL to a remote HTTP image renderer service, e.g.
http://localhost:8081/render, will enable Grafana to render panels and
dashboards to PNG-images using HTTP requests to an external service.
;server url =
# If the remote HTTP image renderer service runs on a different server
than the Grafana server you may have to configure this to a URL where
Grafana is reachable, e.g. http://grafana.domain/.
;callback url =
# Concurrent render request limit affects when the /render HTTP
endpoint is used. Rendering many images at the same time can overload
the server,
# which this setting can help protect against by only allowing a
certain amount of concurrent requests.
;concurrent render request limit = 30
[panels]
# If set to true Grafana will allow script tags in text panels. Not
recommended as it enable XSS vulnerabilities.
;disable_sanitize_html = false
[plugins]
;enable alpha = false
;app tls skip verify insecure = false
# Enter a comma-separated list of plugin identifiers to identify
plugins to load even if they are unsigned. Plugins with modified
signatures are never loaded.
;allow loading unsigned plugins =
# Enable or disable installing plugins directly from within Grafana.
;plugin admin enabled = false
;plugin admin external manage enabled = false
;plugin_catalog_url = https://grafana.com/grafana/plugins/
```

```
[live]
# max connections to Grafana Live WebSocket endpoint per Grafana server
instance. See Grafana Live docs
# if you are planning to make it higher than default 100 since this can
require some OS and infrastructure
# tuning. 0 disables Live, -1 means unlimited connections.
; max connections = 100
# allowed origins is a comma-separated list of origins that can
establish connection with Grafana Live.
# If not set then origin will be matched over root url. Supports
wildcard symbol "*".
;allowed origins =
# engine defines an HA (high availability) engine to use for Grafana
Live. By default no engine used - in
# this case Live features work only on a single Grafana server.
Available options: "redis".
# Setting ha engine is an EXPERIMENTAL feature.
;ha engine =
# ha engine address sets a connection address for Live HA engine.
Depending on engine type address format can differ.
# For now we only support Redis connection address in "host:port"
format.
# This option is EXPERIMENTAL.
;ha_engine_address = "127.0.0.1:6379"
#################################### Grafana Image Renderer Plugin
####################################
[plugin.grafana-image-renderer]
# Instruct headless browser instance to use a default timezone when not
provided by Grafana, e.g. when rendering panel image of alert.
# See ICU's metaZones.txt
(https://cs.chromium.org/chromium/src/third party/icu/source/data/misc/
metaZones.txt) for a list of supported
# timezone IDs. Fallbacks to TZ environment variable if not set.
;rendering timezone =
# Instruct headless browser instance to use a default language when not
provided by Grafana, e.g. when rendering panel image of alert.
# Please refer to the HTTP header Accept-Language to understand how to
format this value, e.g. 'fr-CH, fr;q=0.9, en;q=0.8, de;q=0.7, *;q=0.5'.
;rendering language =
# Instruct headless browser instance to use a default device scale
factor when not provided by Grafana, e.g. when rendering panel image of
alert.
# Default is 1. Using a higher value will produce more detailed images
```

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```
(higher DPI), but will require more disk space to store an image.
;rendering viewport device scale factor =
# Instruct headless browser instance whether to ignore HTTPS errors
during navigation. Per default HTTPS errors are not ignored. Due to
# the security risk it's not recommended to ignore HTTPS errors.
;rendering ignore https errors =
# Instruct headless browser instance whether to capture and log verbose
information when rendering an image. Default is false and will
# only capture and log error messages. When enabled, debug messages are
captured and logged as well.
# For the verbose information to be included in the Grafana server log
you have to adjust the rendering log level to debug, configure
# [log].filter = rendering:debug.
;rendering verbose logging =
# Instruct headless browser instance whether to output its debug and
error messages into running process of remote rendering service.
# Default is false. This can be useful to enable (true) when
troubleshooting.
;rendering dumpio =
# Additional arguments to pass to the headless browser instance.
Default is --no-sandbox. The list of Chromium flags can be found
# here (https://peter.sh/experiments/chromium-command-line-switches/).
Multiple arguments is separated with comma-character.
;rendering args =
# You can configure the plugin to use a different browser binary
instead of the pre-packaged version of Chromium.
# Please note that this is not recommended, since you may encounter
problems if the installed version of Chrome/Chromium is not
# compatible with the plugin.
;rendering chrome bin =
# Instruct how headless browser instances are created. Default is
'default' and will create a new browser instance on each request.
# Mode 'clustered' will make sure that only a maximum of
browsers/incognito pages can execute concurrently.
# Mode 'reusable' will have one browser instance and will create a new
incognito page on each request.
;rendering mode =
# When rendering mode = clustered, you can instruct how many browsers
or incognito pages can execute concurrently. Default is 'browser'
# and will cluster using browser instances.
# Mode 'context' will cluster using incognito pages.
;rendering clustering mode =
# When rendering_mode = clustered, you can define the maximum number of
browser instances/incognito pages that can execute concurrently.
```

```
Default is '5'.
;rendering clustering max concurrency =
# When rendering mode = clustered, you can specify the duration a
rendering request can take before it will time out. Default is `30`
seconds.
;rendering_clustering_timeout =
# Limit the maximum viewport width, height and device scale factor that
can be requested.
;rendering viewport max width =
;rendering viewport max height =
;rendering viewport max device scale factor =
# Change the listening host and port of the gRPC server. Default host
is 127.0.0.1 and default port is 0 and will automatically assign
# a port not in use.
;grpc host =
;grpc_port =
[enterprise]
# Path to a valid Grafana Enterprise license.jwt file
;license path =
[feature toggles]
# enable features, separated by spaces
;enable =
[date formats]
# For information on what formatting patterns that are supported
https://momentjs.com/docs/#/displaying/
# Default system date format used in time range picker and other places
where full time is displayed
;full date = YYYY-MM-DD HH:mm:ss
# Used by graph and other places where we only show small intervals
;interval second = HH:mm:ss
;interval minute = HH:mm
;interval hour = MM/DD HH:mm
;interval day = MM/DD
;interval month = YYYY-MM
;interval year = YYYY
# Experimental feature
;use browser locale = false
# Default timezone for user preferences. Options are 'browser' for the
browser local timezone or a timezone name from IANA Time Zone database,
e.g. 'UTC' or 'Europe/Amsterdam' etc.
;default timezone = browser
```

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```
[expressions]
# Enable or disable the expressions functionality.
;enabled = true

[geomap]
# Set the JSON configuration for the default basemap
;default_baselayer_config = `{
; "type": "xyz",
; "config": {
; "attribution": "Open street map",
; "url": "https://tile.openstreetmap.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png"
; }
;}`

# Enable or disable loading other base map layers
;enable_custom_baselayers = true
```